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Both do and does are present tense forms of the verb do. Which is the correct form to use depends on the subject of your sentence.In this article, well explain the difference between do and does, cover when and how to use each form, and provide examples of how theyre used in sentences. Do is an irregular verb, which means that it has different forms depending on tense and the subject its being used with. Both do and does are used for the present tense. The form does is only used with third person singular subjects, such as the pronouns he, she, and it, as in She does yoga. The form do is used for all other subjects, including for first person (I and we) and second person pronouns (you) and the third person pronoun they (regardless of whether its singular or plural), as in I do yoga, but they do not. The past tense form of do is did, and the past participle form is done. do vs. does The verb do is considered an irregular verb because its past tense and past participle are not formed by adding -ed or -d to the end of the base form as is the case in most verbs. In fact, do has a particularly unusual conjugation pattern compared to other verbs.Here are the different forms of do:do: Base/infinitive; used for present tense except with third person singular subjects (other than the singular they, which uses do regardless of whether its singular or plural).Example: I do my homework as soon as I get home.does: Used for third person singular present tense (other than singular they).Example: She does her homework as soon as she gets home.did: past tenseExample: She did her homework as soon as she got home.done: past participleExample: She had done homework for three hours after she got home. doing: present participle and gerundExample: She is doing her homework. The forms do, does, and did are also used in the negative contractions dont (do not), doesnt (does not), and didnt (did not).For example:Dont open the window. Luke doesnt know how to cook. Fortunately, the flowers didnt wither. Verbs similar to do The irregular verb do has a unique conjugation pattern. Some other irregular verbs that have an unusual conjugation pattern somewhat similar to do are go, be, and have.Base/Infinitive Present TensePast TensePast ParticiplePresent Participledodo/doesdiddonedoinggogo/goeswentgonegoingbeis/arewas/werebeenbeinghavehas/havehadhadhavingTo learn more about the forms of the verb be, check our guides to is vs. are, been vs. being, and has been vs. have been. Examples of do, does, did, and done used in a sentence The only thing left to do is look at how we typically use the forms do, did, and does in sentences.Ive never done yoga, and Im not sure if they do, but Im sure that he does.I remember what I did last time, but Im not sure if I should do it again.She did everything she could to make sure it was done by the deadline.I cant do even a fraction of the amazing things that my brother does on a regular basis.We did the vacuuming yesterday, the morning crew does the laundry on Fridays, and the night crew will do the floor waxing next month. Verbs are essential to creating complete sentences, as they help us express physical actions (She jumped in the puddle), mental actions (He thought about puppies), and states of being (I am hungry).There are several types of verbs that can each be written in different tenses, so they can be tricky to work with, especially if English isnt your first language. Weve put together a guide to help you use one of the most common verbs, do, in your writing. Read on below to learn more!As the name suggests, action verbs are used to express actions completed by the subject of a sentence. The base verb do is conjugated according to the tense:1. Present TenseIn the present tense, do takes the form do or does, depending on the subject:Subject:Verb:I/you/we/theyDoHe/she/itDoesConsider the following examples:We do our homework every night. She does her homework every night.2. Past TenseIn the simple past tense, the base verb do takes the form did with all subjects:Subject:Verb:I/you/we/theyDidHe/she/itDidConsider the following examples: We did our homework last night. She did her homework last night.Auxiliary, or helping verbs, are used with another base verb to create negative sentences, questions, or add emphasis. Heres how do should be used as an auxiliary verb:1. Negative SentencesFollowing the same subjectverb pairings introduced above, we combine the auxiliaries do, does, and did with the adverb not to create negative sentences: We do not do our homework every night. She did not do her homework last night.Note that we can combine the auxiliary and the adverb to create the contractions dont, doesnt, and didnt. You simply remove the space between the two words and replace the letter o in not with an apostrophe ().Contractions are more common in conversations and informal writing and typically shouldnt be used in formal writing (e.g., academic or business).2. QuestionsTo create questions, the auxiliary is combined with the infinitive of another verb in this way: auxiliary verb + subject + infinitive verb. Simple present questions:Do they sell childrens books?Does he speak English? Note that the third person verb speaks isnt spelled with the s when paired with the auxiliary to form a question. Simple past questions:Did you buy anything at the bookstore?Did he learn how to speak English?Note that did indicates the past tense, so the main verbs dont also take the past tense (i.e., bought and learned).3. EmphasisIn positive sentences, we can also combine the auxiliaries do, does, and did with the main verb to emphasize that something is true: We do sell childrens books. He did learn to speak English.Try saying these sentences aloud and adding emphasis to the auxiliary terms with your tone. It adds a dramatic effect!Proofreading and Editing ServicesHopefully, this guide will help you feel more confident when using different forms of the verb do in your writing. If youre still learning or want to be sure your work is error-free, our editors are ready to help. You can upload a free trial document today to learn more!Do you know the difference between 'do' or 'does' and when to use each one? If you don't, not to worry; that's what this article is here to help you with.In short, 'do' and 'does' are both present tenses of the verb 'to do.''Does' is used with third-person singular pronouns.'Do' is used with all the other pronouns.Comparing 'Do' or 'Does''Do' and 'does' are both forms of the present indefinite tense of the verb 'to do.' Which one you'll use will mostly depend on the sentence's subject. Their usage is almost identical, except for one instance where you can use 'do' and not 'does.'I'll cover all of them in this article.How to Use 'Do' or 'Does'The verb 'do' can be either a main or helping verb.'Do' and 'Does' as Main VerbsAs a main verb, it denotes action. 'To do' something is "to perform, take part in, or achieve something." Here's how the verb is conjugated in the present tense:I doYou doShe/he/it doesWe doThey doYou doAs you can see, we use 'does' with the third-person singular pronouns and 'do' with all the others.What does that look like in practice? Here are a couple of examples of 'do' and 'does' used as main verbs:What shall we do now?I don't know what she does all day.'Do' and 'Does' as Helping Verbs'Do' and 'does' can also be used as helping verbs to form questions. The same pronoun rules apply here. For example:Do you like karaoke?Does he cycle to work?In both cases, 'do' isn't the main verb; instead, it helps the main verb: 'like' in the first sentence and 'cycle' in the second one.Top Tip! The only verb 'do' can't help is the verb 'to be.' You couldn't say, for example, "Do you be happy?".Using 'Do' and 'Does' To Avoid RepetitionYou can also use 'do' and 'does' to avoid repeating the main verb when it's already been stated.This comes in handy when answering a question. For example, if someone asks us if we like tomatoes, instead of saying, "Yes, I like tomatoes," we can say, "Yes, I do."Do you like tomatoes?Yes, I do.Does she like tomatoes?Yes, she does.It doesn't have to be an answer to a question, though. It can also be used as a substitute verb in almost any sentence to avoid repetition or when the main verb is obvious. For example:He types much faster than she does.Instead of repeating the verb 'type,' we use 'does' as a replacement. Here's another example:I don't play with my dog in the house; I do it in the garden.'Do' replaces the main verb 'play.'Using 'Do' and 'Does' for EmphasisSometimes you can use 'do' or 'does' to emphasize what you're about to say. So, for example, if you want to say that you like a T-shirt, you can accentuate the verb 'like' with 'do.'I do like that T-shirt.Or with 'does,' if the pronoun is third person singular:She does like that T-shirt.Using 'Do' for Imperative SentencesRemember when I said earlier that there was one instance where you could use 'do' but not 'does?' Yep, so that's what I'll explain now.You can use 'do' with the imperative mood. You use this mood to give someone an order or make a request.Do the dishes, please.Do stop by on your way home.Do not tease your brother.Using "Do" or "Does" in Negative FormI wanted to mention a quick word about using 'do' and 'does' in the negative form. If you're forming a negative sentence, you can still use 'do' and 'does' in the same ways as described above, except you'll use the negative form of the verbs:Do do not / don'tDoes does not / doesn'tPronunciation: How to Pronounce 'Do' and 'Does'Now that we've covered all the different usages of the 'do' and 'does,' would you like to know how to pronounce them?'Do' rhymes with 'blue,' 'moo,' and 'shoe.' It sounds like this:[ doo ]As for 'does,' it rhymes with 'buzz' and 'because' and sounds like this:[ duhz ]In case you're curious, here are the International Phonetics Alphabet spellings:/ du // doz /Examples of 'Do' and 'Does'I know we've looked at plenty of examples, but I will list a few more here for each word because I believe repetition and practice are the best ways to improve our English skills. Therefore, the more examples you see, the better you'll understand how to use the words.Let's start with 'do.'How to Use 'Do' in a SentenceI do like the color blue.They've broken up again; they do this annually.Do you want your apple pie?How to Use 'Does' in a SentenceI love the way she does her makeup.My dog always does a little excited bark when I tell him we're going out.Yes, he does believe in Santa Claus.Concluding ThoughtsThat concludes this article on the difference between 'do' and 'does' and how to use them correctly. Let's summarize what we've learned:'Do' and 'does' are present tense forms of the verb 'to be'Use 'does' with the third-person singular pronounUse 'do' with all the other pronounsYou can also use 'do' to form an imperative sentence with any pronounIf you found this article helpful, you might like the others in our Confusing Words blog archive. Check it out! verb jump to other results do1 Nearby words doek noun doer noun does verb doesn't short form dof adjective English grammar can be tricky, especially when it comes to choosing between do and does. These two little words play a big role in how we ask questions and make statements, yet they often lead to confusion among English learners. If youve ever stopped mid-sentence, unsure of which one fits your query or statement, youre not alone.The good news is that theres a straightforward way to understand how and when to use these verbs correctly. Its not about memorizing complex rules but grasping a simple concept that will clear up the confusion once and for all. So, if youre looking to polish your English skills and say goodbye to those awkward pauses, youre on the right track.But waitheres a twist in the tale that even native speakers sometimes miss. Stay tuned as we unravel this key piece of the puzzleUnderstanding when to use do and does is key for speaking and writing English correctly. Use do with the pronouns I, you, we, and they. For example, I do like pizza or They do not want to go. On the other hand, use does with the third person singular pronouns: he, she, and it. So, you would say She does play the piano or It does not matter. Remember, in questions, these words shift to the start: Do you want tea? or Does he know her? Getting this right will make your English sound more natural.The Role of Do and Does in English GrammarIn English grammar, understanding the role of Do and Does as auxiliary verbs can greatly improve ones writing and communication skills. By examining the basic principles of sentence structure, familiarizing oneself with the distinction between these auxiliaries, and recognizing their impact on clarity and meaning, a strong foundation can be built to achieve grammatical accuracy.Understanding Basic Sentence StructureTo construct sentences using Do and Does, a solid comprehension of the basic English sentence structure is essential. The primary role of these auxiliary verbs is to assist in forming questions and negative sentences. As a rule, Do is used with plural pronouns (e.g., I, you, we, and they) as well as first person singular pronoun I, while Does is used exclusively with third person singular subjects (e.g., he, she, it, and singular nouns).Do you like apples?She does not have a dog.Distinguishing Between Do and Does as AuxiliariesAs auxiliaries, Do and Does determine the tense and agreement with the subject in a sentence. In particular, Do pairs with plural pronouns and I while Does is used with third person singular pronouns. These helping verbs allow for the indication of actions or states of being without the repetition of the main verb. Example: Do: We do need help.Does: He does understand the situation.The Impact of Verb Forms on Clarity and MeaningUsing Do and Does appropriately is crucial for maintaining clarity and preserving the intended meaning of sentences, especially when specifying present tense actions. Incorrect usage can result in ambiguity or misunderstandings regarding the timing of an action or statement.Related: Is It Correct to Say At the Beach?CorrectIncorrectThey do like to travel.They does like to travel.She does play the piano.She do play the piano.By mastering the use of English auxiliary verbs like Do and Does, you can enhance your sentence construction skills and improve the overall quality of your written and spoken communication.When to Use DoUnderstanding when to use the verb Do is essential for creating clear and grammatically correct sentences. This versatile verb plays a crucial role in various sentence structures and functions, including expressing affirmative actions, forming imperative commands, and answering questions without repetition. In this section, well explore the situations where using Do is recommended and provide guidance on how to apply Do effectively in your everyday communication. Using Do with pronouns like I, you, we, and they, as well as names and plural nouns, is common in English grammar. This usage is especially prevalent when discussing repeated or habitual actions, such as:I do exercise every day.You do clean your room every week.We do study hard for our exams.Beyond conveying affirmative actions, Do also has a role in imperative sentences. In these instances, Do is used to help form commands, requests, or suggestions:Do try some of this delicious cake.Please do be quiet during the movie.Do join us for dinner tomorrow night.However, its important to note that Do should not be used with modal verbs (such as can, will, should) or the verb To Be (am, is, are). Do is a handy and versatile verb, but it has its limitsavoid using it with modal verbs and the verb To Be.When forming sentences, Do can also be utilized for emphasizing actions and making a statement more assertive. For example: I do like this song.They do work hard to support their families.Lastly, when answering questions affirmatively without repeating the main verb, you can use Do: Q: Do you enjoy reading books? A: Yes, I do.In summary, recognizing the various situations for Do and following this verb Do usage guide will help you convey your thoughts and ideas effectively in everyday communication. Keep practicing the proper use of Do, and youll see improvements in your English grammar skills. Proper Usage of Does in SentencesUnderstanding the correct application of does in sentences is crucial for accurate communication when using third person singular subjects. This section will provide a comprehensive guide on using does in different sentence structures, common errors to avoid, and special grammar cases.Does with Third Person Singular SubjectsDoes is exclusively used with third person singular subjects like he, she, it, as well as singular nouns. It operates as the singular form of do for present tense actions. When constructing questions and asserting statements involving these pronouns, does plays a vital role in ensuring proper agreement and correct grammar usage. The employee does her job well.Does it rain often in Seattle?Negative Constructions with DoesIn negative sentences, does is paired with not to express negation for third person singular subjects. Here are some examples: He does not like ice cream.She does not work on Sundays.For a more conversational tone, does not is often contracted to doesnt:It doesnt matter to me.She doesnt know the answer.Special Cases and Common MistakesUsing does in correct subject-verb agreement scenarios is essential for accurate communication. A common error involves using does with incorrect pronouns, leading to grammar inconsistency and potential confusion. Furthermore, some may misunderstand the use of does in negative statements and questions. To avoid these mistakes, always ensure that does is used with third person singular subjects and follows proper grammar rules.Related: Would Also or Also Would? Which is Correct?IncorrectCorrectDoes they play soccer?Do they play soccer?Tom doesnt knows the answer.Tom doesnt know the answer.She dont like pizza.She doesnt like pizza.By being mindful of these special cases and common mistakes, youll be well on your way to mastering the proper usage of the auxiliary verb does in sentences. Making Questions with Do and DoesAs you begin to construct English questions in the present tense, understanding the roles of Do and Does as auxiliary verbs is vital. While both play an essential part in the English grammar question structure, the usage of each varies depending on the subject pronoun involved.Do is typically used in questions that involve the first and second person pronouns (I, you, and we) as well as the third person plural pronoun (they). In contrast, Does is reserved for use with third person singular pronouns (he, she, and it), as well as singular nouns. In this section, well explore various examples of how to make questions with Do and Does while adhering to proper grammar rules.Using Do in Questions: To form questions with Do, place it before the subject pronoun or noun, followed by the infinitive form of the main verb (without to). For example:Do we need to buy groceries?Do they live in New York?Do you want to play soccer?Utilizing Does in Questions: Similar to Do, place Does before the subject pronoun or singular noun, followed by the base form of the verb. For example:Does she know the answer?Does it rain here often?Does John work at this office?Its crucial to remember that when using Do and Does in questions, the base form of the main verb remains unchanged. Additionally, modal verbs (can, could, may, might, etc.) and the verb To Be replace Do and Does in forming questions, causing these auxiliaries to be omitted. For example:Is she your teacher? (not Does she be your teacher?)Can you swim? (not Do you can swim?)Mastering the art of forming questions with Do and Does is an essential skill for English language learners. As you practice and become more familiar with these auxiliary verbs, your ability to communicate and ask questions effectively in English will undoubtedly improve. Do and Does in Negative SentencesNegative sentence crafting in English often involves the use of Do and Does to express denial or refusal. In this section, we will explore the construction of negative sentences using these auxiliary verbs, along with English negation rules, negative contractions and short forms in negation like Dont and Doesnt.Related: What Is a Noun Phrase? (with Examples)Forming Negatives with ContractionsNegative contractions occur when combining do or does with not to create a shortened form. In doing so, dont (do not) and doesnt (does not) are formed. These contractions facilitate more casual and expedient communication while adhering to correct grammar and subject-verb agreement rules.Do + not = DontDoes + not = DoesntHe doesnt like to dance.They dont want to go to the party.Emphasizing Statements with Do and DoesDo and Does can also emphasize the validity and assertion of statements. This is particularly useful in responses to doubts or when one needs to affirm an expression emphatically. Utilizing these auxiliaries can strengthen expressions and convey certainty.I do want to go!She does know the answer.Common Pitfalls to Avoid in NegationMisusing Do and Does in negative sentences can result in errors. To maintain accuracy when communicating refusal or denial, be mindful of the following: Using do and does with incorrect pronounsNot altering verb form correctly in negations, such as using to with does not (incorrect: She does not likes)Overlooking contraction rules with these auxiliariesBy developing a strong understanding of negation with Do and Does, you will be well-equipped to craft accurate negative sentences and improve overall English communication skills.Practical Exercises and Tips for Mastering Do and DoesAchieving mastery in the usage of do and does in English grammar involves consistent practice and a keen focus on different contexts in which these auxiliary verbs can be applied. Engage in exercises for do and does that encourage active learning and help fine-tune your skills. Some exercises you can attempt include filling in missing words, converting affirmative statements into questions or negatives, and constructing sentences that emphasize your intent.For better grammar practice activities, explore worksheets, quizzes, and interactive games that provide ample opportunities to practice using do and does. These resources often challenge your understanding of key concepts while enhancing your language proficiency. Remember, practice makes perfect!Apart from theoretical knowledge, incorporating do and does into regular conversation goes a long way in securing mastery of these verbs. Pay attention to the nuances of how native speakers employ do and does in various situations and follow their lead. Follow these tips for mastering do and does, and you will soon become more confident and accurate in your English grammar skills. a form of the present tense (indicative mood) of do 1Collins English Dictionary Complete & Unabridged 2012 Digital Edition William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012tabooa foolish or despicable personCollins English Dictionary Complete & Unabridged 2012 Digital Edition William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012Examples have not been reviewed.So, what does the future hold for Syria?The technology does this based on data from books, photos, film footage, and songs, raising questions about potential copyright infringement or whether data has been used with permission.Because the area is so rural, the Sheriffs Office does not have a lot of security cameras or license plate readers that detectives can rely on, said Gandhi.He points out that, unlike other platforms, Freightera does not set prices.Now he does not worry when the power goes out which has been "a huge relief".doer and gonedoeskinBrowse#aabbccddeeffgghhiijjkkllmmnnooppqqrrssttuuvvwwxxyyzzAboutCareersContact usCookies, terms, & privacyHelpFollow usGet the Word of the Day every day! 2025 Dictionary.com, LLC Whats the difference between do vs. does? Do and does are two words that are often used interchangeably, but they have different meanings and uses. Understanding the difference between these two words is important in order to use them correctly in sentences. While both are forms of the verb to do, they are used in different contexts and with different subjects. Do vs. DoesWhat Are Do and Does?Do and does are auxiliary verbs in the English language. They are used to form questions, negatives, and some other types of sentences.Do is used with all subjects except for the third person singular (he, she, it). For the third person singular, does is used.How Are Do and Does Used?Do and does are used to form questions and negatives in the present tense. They are also used as main verbs to express actions.DO and does are often used with other verbs to form questions and negatives. For example:Do you like pizza?Does she speak Spanish?DO and does can also be used as main verbs to express actions. For example:I do my homework every night.She does yoga every morning.Examples of Do and Does UsageHere are some examples of do and does usage in various contexts:Questions:Do you have a car?Does he play basketball?Negatives:I do not like coffee.She does not eat meat.Present tense:They do their homework every day.He does his laundry on Sundays.Third person singular:She does her hair in the morning.He does his work on time.Imperative sentences:Do your best!Does anyone have a question?Affirmative:I do like ice cream.He does play the guitar.To be:I do not know.She does not want to go.Auxiliary verbs:I do not want to go.She does not like pizza.Helping verbs:I do not have any money.He does not know the answer.Word order:Do you like pizza?Does she speak French?Short answers:Do you like coffee? Yes, I do.Does he play soccer? No, he does not.Singular subjects:He does his homework every night.Plural subjects:They do their homework every night.Transitive verb:I do my homework every night.Demonstrative pronoun:This does not work.That does not make sense.Likes:She does not like to swim.He does like to read.Grammar rules:Do and does are used with different subjects. Do is used with all subjects except for the third person singular, which uses does.Differences between Do vs. DoesWhen to Use DODo is a verb that is used in a variety of contexts. Here are some of the most common ways to use do:To perform an action or task: I need to do my homework.To create emphasis: I do like pizza.To form questions and negatives: Do you want to go to the movies? I do not like broccoli.When to Use DOESDoes is the third-person singular form of do. It is used when referring to a single person or thing. Here are some examples of when to use does:To describe an action or task performed by a single person or thing: He does his homework every night.To form questions and negatives: Does she want to go to the movies? He does not like broccoli.How to Form Questions with DO and DOESTo form a question with do or does, simply invert the subject and the verb. Here are some examples:Do you like ice cream?Does she play tennis?How to Form Negative Sentences with DO and DOESTo form a negative sentence with do or does, add not after the verb. Here are some examples:I do not want to go to the party.He does not like spicy food.Do vs. Does: Singular vs. PluralWhen it comes to using do and does, its important to understand when to use each one based on whether the subject is singular or plural. Here are some guidelines to keep in mind:Using Do vs. Does with Singular SubjectsWhen the subject of a sentence is singular (such as he, she, or it), you should use does instead of do. For example:Hedoeshis homework every night.Shedoesnot like to eat broccoli.Itdoesnot rain very often in this part of the country.Using Do vs. Does with Plural SubjectsWhen the subject of a sentence is plural (such as they or we), you should use do instead of does. For example:Theydotheir best work in the morning.Wedonot always agree on everything.Youdonot have to come if you dont want to.Its important to note that there are some exceptions to these rules. For example, in imperative sentences (commands or requests), you should always use do regardless of whether the subject is singular or plural. For example:Doyour homework before you go outside.Donot touch that hot stove!Do vs. Does: Third Person SingularUsing Do vs. Does with Third Person Singular SubjectsWhen it comes to using do and does with third-person singular subjects, its important to remember that do is used with all other pronouns, while does is used with the third-person singular pronoun. For example, I do my homework, but He does his homework. Its also important to note that does is the third person singular present tense version of do.How to Form Questions with Third Person Singular SubjectsWhen forming questions with third-person singular subjects, its important to remember to use does instead of do. For example, Does he like pizza? instead of Do he like pizza? Its also important to note that the word order in questions with third-person singular subjects is the same as in questions with other pronouns. For example, Does he like pizza? has the same word order as Do they like pizza?How to Form Negative Sentences with Third Person Singular SubjectsWhen forming negative sentences with third-person singular subjects, its important to remember to add doesnt instead of dont. For example, He doesnt like pizza instead of He dont like pizza. Its also important to note that the word order in negative sentences with third-person singular subjects is the same as in negative sentences with other pronouns. For example, He doesnt like pizza has the same word order as They dont like pizza.Do vs. Does: Commands and Imperative SentencesHow to Use Do vs Does in CommandsWhen it comes to giving commands or making requests, it is important to use the correct form of do or does depending on the subject of the sentence. The basic rule is to use do with all subjects except for the third-person singular, which requires does.For example:Do your homework.Do not forget to turn off the lights.Do you want to come with us?In contrast, we use does with the third-person singular subject:Does he like pizza?Does she have any siblings?Does it rain a lot in this city?How to Use Do vs. Does in Imperative SentencesImperative sentences are used to give commands or make requests. In these sentences, we always use do and never does. For example:Do your chores before you go outside.Do not talk to strangers.Do your best on the exam.It is important to note that does is never used to form imperative sentences.Do vs. Does: Auxiliary VerbsAuxiliary verbs are verbs used in combination with other main verbs to add grammatical meaning to a sentence. DO is one such auxiliary verb that is used in English.How to Use Do vs. Does as Auxiliary VerbsDO is used to form questions and negatives in the present tense. For example, Do you like pizza? and I do not like broccoli. DOES, on the other hand, is used for the third person singular in the present tense. For example, She does not like mushrooms.Do and does can also be used to form questions and negatives in the past tense, but in this case, the base verb DO takes the form DID. For example, Did you go to the party? and I did not see the movie.Using Do vs. Does with Other Auxiliary VerbsDo and does can also be used with other auxiliary verbs to form different tenses, such as the present continuous and the past continuous. For example, I am doing my homework and She was doing her laundry.Do and does can also be used to form negatives and questions in the present perfect tense. For example, I have not done my homework yet and Have you done your laundry?In conclusion, Do and does are important auxiliary verbs in English that are used to form questions, negatives, and different tenses. By understanding how to use them correctly, you can improve your English language skills and communicate more effectively.DODOESUsed for questions and negatives in present tenseUsed for third person singular in present tenseUsed for questions and negatives in past tenseUsed with other auxiliary verbs to form different tensesUsed to form negatives and questions in present perfect tenseDo is an irregular verbDoes is the third-person singular form of doDo takes the form did in the past tenseDo and does are commonly used as auxiliary verbs to form different tenses and questions/negatives.Do vs. Does: Infinitives and GerundsHow to Use Do vs. Does with InfinitivesWhen using infinitives with do and does, it is important to remember that DO is the base form of the verb, while DOES is the third-person singular form. Here are some examples:I do my homework every day.She does her laundry on Sundays.In both of these sentences, do and does are followed by the infinitive form of the verb. This is because the infinitive is used to express an action that has not yet happened but will happen in the future.How to Use Do vs. Does with GerundsWhen using gerunds with do and does, it is important to remember that both DO and DOES are followed by the -ing form of the verb. Here are some examples:I enjoy doing crossword puzzles.She hates doing the dishes.In both of these sentences, do and does are followed by the gerund form of the verb. This is because the gerund is used to express an action that is happening right now or has already happened in the past.It is also important to note that do and does can be used with both infinitives and gerunds to express different meanings. For example:I do my best to help others. (infinitive)She does her own thing, no matter what others say. (gerund)In these sentences, do and does are used to express different meanings depending on whether they are followed by an infinitive or a gerund.Do vs. Does: Past Tense and Past ParticipleUsing Do vs. Does in Past TenseIn the past tense, the verb do changes to did for all subjects. On the other hand, does remains unchanged in the third-person singular present tense. Here are some examples:I did my homework yesterday.You did a great job on the presentation.He did not attend the meeting.She does not like spicy food.The team does well in this stadium.Using Do vs. Does in Past ParticipleIn the past participle, the verb do changes to done. Here are some examples:I have done my best to help you.You should have done your research before making a decision.He has not done anything productive all day.She does not have any work done yet.It is important to note that does does not have a past participle form. Therefore, it is not used in past participle constructions.Conclusion:In conclusion, the difference between do and does is simple. Do is used in all persons except for the third person singular, where does is used. Its important to use the correct form of the verb to ensure that your sentence is grammatically correct and easy to understand.Here are some key takeaways:Use do with all persons except for the third person singular.Use does with the third person singular.Do and does are present tense forms of the verb to do.Do can also be used to form an imperative sentence.Its important to note that while the difference between do and does may seem small, it can greatly affect the meaning and clarity of your sentence. By using the correct form of the verb, you can ensure that your writing is clear and easy to understand.Remember to always double-check your work and make sure that you are using the correct form of the verb. With practice, using do and does correctly will become second nature.Do vs. Does | PictureWhen to Use Do vs. DoesPinRelated links:Can vs. MayHas vs. HaveMay vs. MightWas vs. Were

**Does gps use data. Does gps consume data. How much data does gps use. Does gps take a lot of data. Does gps use a lot of data.**


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